

Ninth UNCTAD Debt Management Conference

Geneva, 11 - 13 November 2013

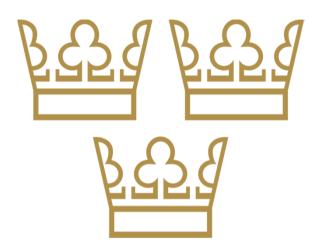
Debt Portfolio: Composition and Risk Management

by

Mr. Lars Andrén

Head of Portfolio Management
Swedish National Debt Office

The views expressed are those of the author and do not necessarily reflect the views of UNCTAD



Debt Composition and Risk Management

Swedish National Debt Office

Lars Andrén lars.andren@riksgalden.se



Agenda

- The cost/risk choices:
 - Diversification and liquidity
 - Duration
 - Foreign currency
- Sweden's Economic and Fiscal Context
- Sweden's Debt Portfolio



"To minimize costs with respect to risk"

The stated goal set by the Swedish government for the Swedish Debt Office

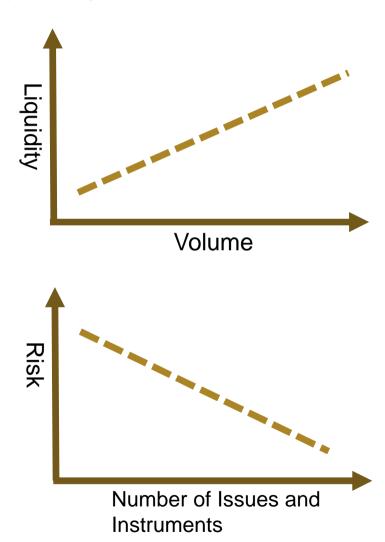


Schematic Overview of Sweden's Current Cost/Risk Choices

LIQUIDITY DIVERSIFICATION MINIMIZING BORROW SHORT AND REFINANCING **GAIN TERM PREMIA RISKS DOMESTIC** FX Higher Risk/ Lower Risk/ **Lower Cost Higher Cost**

Diversification and Liquidity

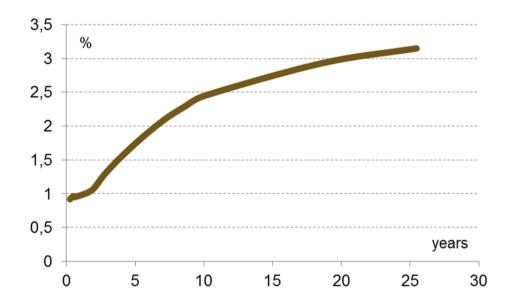
- Investors pay a premium for liquidity.
- Concentration raises the refinancing risk for the issuer.
- Sweden maintains larger volumes in a few selected benchmark issues.
 Duration is then shortened to desired level using swaps.



Borrow Short for Lower Cost but with Higher Risk

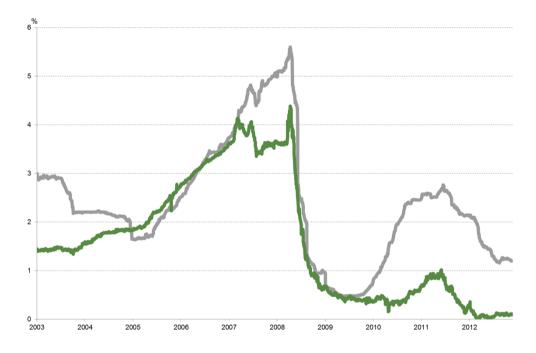
- Term structure is structurally upward sloping
- Shorter duration leads to higher volatility in interest rate costs
- Shorter duration leads to increased refinancing risks
- Sweden us interest rate swaps to adress the refinancing risks while keeping duration at desired level.

Swedish benchmark curve



Foreign Currency Lower Cost

- Diversified portfolio
- Low cost currencies
- No structural drift in SEK



Swedish 3m yield (grey) vs yield in fx portfolio (green)

Swedish Portfolio Strategy

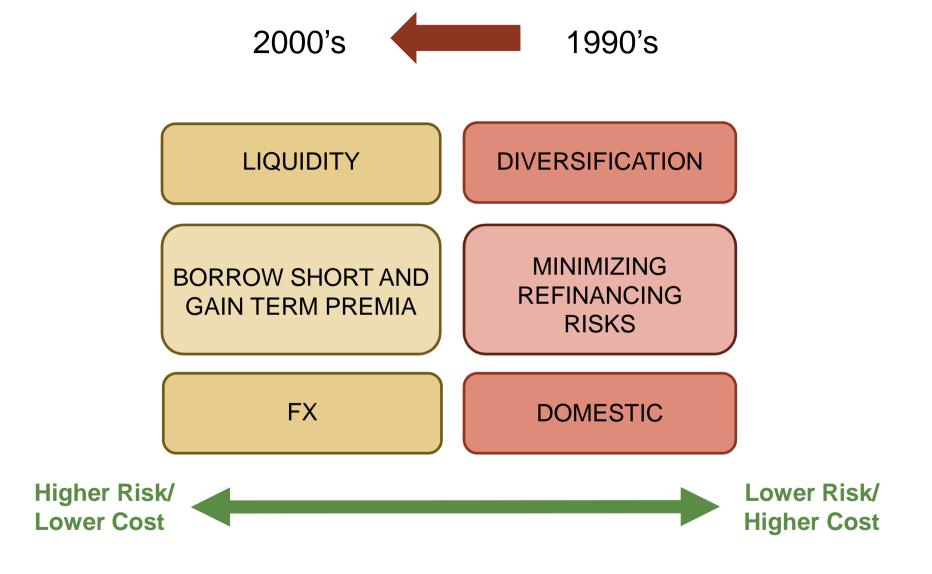
1990's – a rapidly increasing debt and unstable fiscal situation

- Large volumes in multiple issues
- Foreign currency borrowing
- Inflation linked bonds

2000's – a shrinking level of debt and stable finances

- Borrowing concentrated in a few strategic benchmark issues.
- Interest rate swaps shorten duration
- Currency borrowing cheap

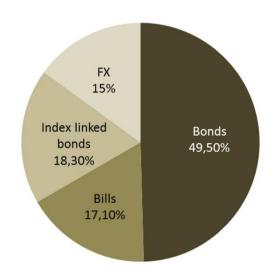


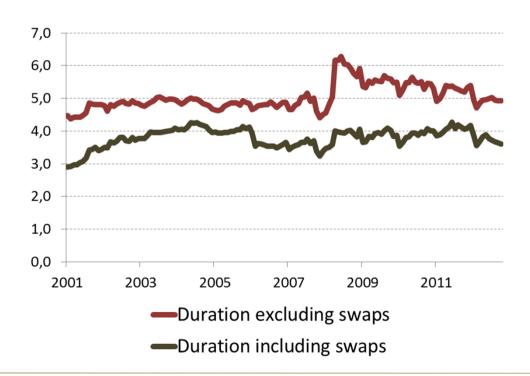




Swedish Debt Portfolio

- Diversified
- Low cost
- Derivatives shorten duration







Conclusion

- The optimal cost / risk profile is highly dependent on the fiscal and macro economic situation.
- Cheaper funding available but comes with higher risks.
- Derivatives used to alter the cost / risk profile

